2018-25 (2ND READING): AN ORDINANCE TO ESTABLISH SPECIAL PROPERTY TAX
ASSESSMENTS FOR REHABILITATED HISTORIC PROPERTIES IN THE MANNER PROVIDED FOR IN SC
CODE SEC. 4-9-195 AND EXTENDED TO MUNICIPALITIES BY SEC. 5-21-140; TO FIX THE TERM OF
SUCH SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS: TO ESTABLISH REQUIREMENTS FOR ELIGIBILITY; AND TO

5 DETERMINE THE PROCESS FOR APPLYING.

<u>Applicant/Purpose</u>: Staff /To allow a special assessment to encourage rehabilitation of historic properties.

Brief:

- State law ("Bailey Bill") provides that a city or county may grant a special property tax assessment to qualifying "rehabilitated historic properties" or "low to moderate in-come rental property."
- The program relieves a property owner from paying taxes on the rehabilitation work.
- In order to qualify, the property must meet 1 of the following criteria:
 - o Listed on the National Register of Historic Places;
 - o At least 50 years old & designated a historic property by the governing body;
 - o At least 50 years old & located in a City-designated historic district.
- Qualifying rehabilitation work must be evaluated by a "Reviewing Authority," which, in this ordinance, consists of the following (or their designees): the Planning Director, the CAB Chair, the Planning Commission Chair, the Director of Construction Services, the CFO, & the DRC Director (if the property is located in the District).
- The Reviewing Authority must judge the work to be appropriate for the historic building (& the historic district, if located in such a district).
- Rehabilitation expenditures must equal 20% or more of the building's fair market value.

issues:

- A 5-year term is consistent w/ the term of existing City incentive programs & expands the City's incentive programs to include a property tax break for historic properties.
- In some cases, this incentive may be paired w/ the 10% federal tax credit or a credit of 25% of the rehab expenses against state income taxes (taken over 3 years at 33%/year).
- The City may not allow the term of the special assessment to exceed 20 years.
- The special assessment may not be applied retroactively.

Public Notification: Normal notification for 2nd reading.

Alternatives: Extend the period of the special assessment up to 20 years.

 <u>Financial Impact</u>: Where the incentive is used, the financial impact amounts to the foregone tax revenue on the value of the improvements. Upon expiration of the special assessment, the project increases the property's taxable value.

<u>Manager's Recommendation</u>: I recommend 1st reading. We have discretion to extend the special assessment up to 20 years, but I think 5 years should provide a sufficient incentive. Rather than tying up our tax base for such an extended period, I would prefer that we deepen the initial credit by asking the County to pass a companion ordinance that has the effect of also extending the incentive to include the County and school district taxes. I'd anticipate a much greater willingness to cooperate in this way if the period remains relatively short. I have already sent this ordinance to the County Administrator & asked him to consider a similar action.

Attachment(s): Proposed ordinance.

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CITY OF MYRTLE BEACH COUNTY OF HORRY STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA AN ORDINANCE TO ESTABLISH SPECIAL PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENTS REHABILITATED HISTORIC PROPERTIES IN THE MANNER PROVIDED FOR IN SC CODE 4-9-195 SEC. AND **EXTENDED** TO MUNICIPALITIES BY SEC. 5-21-140; TO FIX THE TERM OF SUCH SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS: **ESTABLISH** REOUIREMENTS FOR ELIGIBILITY: AND TO DETERMINE THE PROCESS FOR APPLYING.

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WHEREAS, South Carolina Code Sec. 4-9-195 provides for Counties to establish certain special assessments on historic real properties in order to encourage their owners to rehabilitate them and, upon termination of the special assessment, return them to the tax rolls at increased assessed values; and

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WHEREAS, South Carolina Code Sec. 5-21-140 extends the same powers to municipalities, *mutatis mutandi*; and

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WHEREAS, the special assessment can be a valuable tool for encouraging the redevelopment of designated historic properties located in strategic areas of the City;

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NOW THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Myrtle Beach, in meeting duly assembled, hereby establishes such special assessment for eligible properties located inside the City of Myrtle Beach.

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Sec. 1. Special tax assessment created.

A special tax assessment is hereby created for eligible rehabilitated historic properties, equal to the appraised value of the property at the time of preliminary certification. The special tax assessment may remain in effect for a period not to exceed five years.

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Sec. 2. Purpose.

It is the purpose of this section to:

- (1) Encourage the restoration of historic properties:
- (2) Promote community development and redevelopment;
- (3) Encourage sound community planning; and
- (4) Promote the general health, safety, and welfare of the community.

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Sec. 3. Designation of subject properties.

- (a) *Certification*. In order to be eligible for the special tax assessment, historic properties must receive preliminary and final certification.
 - (1) To receive preliminary certification a property must meet the following conditions:
 - a. The property has received historic designation.
 - b. The proposed rehabilitation work receives approval from a designated "Reviewing Authority," which Authority shall comprise the Planning Director, the chairman of the Community Appearance Board, the chairman of the Planning Commission, the Director of Construction Services, and the Chief Financial Officer, or their designees;

- provided, however, that the Executive Director of the Downtown Redevelopment Authority shall serve as a member of the reviewing authority for any properties located inside the Downtown Redevelopment District.
- c. The project commences on or after the date of the adoption of this ordinance. Preliminary certification must be received prior to issuance of a City building permit.
- (2) To receive final certification, a property must have met the following conditions:
 - a. The property has received preliminary certification.
 - b. The minimum expenditures for rehabilitation were incurred and paid.
 - c. The completed rehabilitation receives approval from the secretary to the Reviewing Authority as being consistent with the plans approved by Reviewing Authority as part of preliminary certification.
- (b) *Historic designation*. As used in this section, "Historic Designation" means the property maintains one or more of the following:
 - (1) The property is listed on the National Register of Historic Places either individually or as a contributing property in a district.
 - (2) The property is at least 50 years old and is an individual landmark or a contributing property in a local district as designated by city council.

Sec. 4. Eligible rehabilitation projects.

- (a) Standards for rehabilitation work. To be eligible for the special tax assessment, historic rehabilitations must be appropriate for the historic building and the historic district in which it is located. This is achieved through adherence to the following standards:
 - (1) The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved; the removal of historic materials or alterations of features and spaces that characterize each property shall be avoided.
 - (2) Each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place and use; changes that create a false sense of historical development shall not be undertaken.
 - (3) Most properties change over time; those changes that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.
 - (4) Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property should be preserved.
 - (5) Deteriorated historic features shall be repaired rather than replaced; where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new should match the old in design, color, texture, and other visual qualities and, where possible, materials; replacement of missing features shall be substantiated by documentary, physical, or pictorial evidence.
 - (6) Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used; the surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.
 - (7) New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property; the new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the

- 1 massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic 2 integrity of the historic property and its environment.
 - (8) New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.
 - (b) Work to be reviewed. The following work will be reviewed according to the standards set forth above:
 - (1) Repairs to the exterior of the designated building.
 - (2) Alterations to the exterior of the designated building.
 - (3) New construction on the property on which the building is located.
 - (4) Alterations to interior primary public spaces.
 - (5) Any remaining work where the expenditures for such work are being used to satisfy the minimum expenditures for rehabilitation.
 - (c) Minimum expenditures for rehabilitation means the owner or the owner's estate rehabilitates the building, with expenditures for rehabilitation exceeding 20 percent of the fair market value of the building. Fair market value means the appraised value as certified to the Reviewing Authority by a real estate appraiser licensed by the State of South Carolina, the sales price as delineated in a bona fide contract of sale within 12 months of the time it is submitted, or the most recent appraised value published by the Horry County Tax Assessor.
 - (d) Expenditures for rehabilitation means the actual cost of rehabilitation relating to one or more of the following:
 - (1) Improvements located on or within the historic building as designated.
 - (2) Improvements outside of but directly attached to the historic building which are necessary to make the building fully useable (such as vertical circulation) but shall not include rentable/habitable floor space attributable to new construction.
 - (3) Architectural and engineering services attributable to the design of the improvements.
 - (4) Costs necessary to maintain the historic character or integrity of the building.
 - (e) Scope. The special tax assessment may apply to the following:
 - (1) Structure(s) rehabilitated.
 - (2) Real property on which the building is located.
 - (f) Time limits. To be eligible for the special tax assessment, rehabilitation must be completed within two years of the preliminary certification date. If the project is not complete after two years, but the minimum expenditures for rehabilitation have been incurred, the property continues to receive the special assessment until the project is completed or until the end of the special assessment period, whichever shall first occur.

Sec. 5. Process.

 (a) Fee required. There is a fee of \$150.00 required for final certification for each application for review of rehabilitation work of single-family and/or duplex structures and \$300.00 for all other structures. Fees are payable to the City of Myrtle Beach, and final certification will not be given without payment of this fee.

(b) *Plan required*. Owners of property seeking approval of rehabilitation work must submit a rehabilitation historic property application with supporting documentation and application fee prior to beginning work, subject to the reasonable discretion of the reviewing authority.

(c) Preliminary certification. Upon receipt of the completed application, the proposal shall be placed on the next available agenda of the Reviewing Authority to determine if the project is consistent with the standards for rehabilitation in subsection 17-698(a) above. After the Reviewing Authority makes its determination, the owner shall be notified in writing. Upon receipt of this determination the owner may:

(1) If the application is approved, begin rehabilitation;

(2) If the application is not approved, he may revise such application in accordance with comments provided by the Reviewing Authority;

(d) Substantive changes. Once preliminary certification is granted to an application, substantive changes must be approved by the Reviewing Authority. Unapproved substantive changes are conducted at the risk of the property owner and may disqualify the project from eligibility. Additional expenditures will not qualify the project for an extension on the special assessment.

 (e) Final certification. Upon completion of the project, the project must receive final certification in order to be eligible for the special assessment. The secretary to the Reviewing Authority will inspect completed projects to determine if the work is consistent with the approval granted by the Reviewing Authority pursuant to section 17-698. Final certification will be granted when the completed work meets the Standards and verification is made that expenditures have been made in accordance with subsection 17-698(c) and (d) above. Upon receiving final certification, the property will be assessed for the remainder of the special assessment period on the fair market value of the property at the time the preliminary certification was made or the final certification was made, whichever occurred earlier.

(f) Additional work. For the remainder of the special assessment period after final certification, the property owner shall notify the Reviewing Authority of any additional work, other than ordinary maintenance. The Reviewing Authority will review the work at a regularly scheduled hearing and determine whether the overall project is consistent with the standards for rehabilitation. If the additional work is found to be inconsistent the property owner may withdraw his request and cancel or revise the proposed additional work.

(g) Decertification. When the property has received final certification and has been assessed as rehabilitated historic property, it remains so certified and must be granted the special assessment until the property becomes disqualified by any one of the following:

(1) Written notice from the owner to the Reviewing Authority and the auditor requesting removal of the preferential assessment;

(2) Removal of the historic designation by the Myrtle Beach City Council; or
 (3) Rescission of the approval of rehabilitation by the Reviewing Authority because of alterations or renovation by the owner or the owner's estate

1		longer possess the qualities and features	
2	which made it eligible for final c		
	Notification of any change affecting eligibility must be given immediately to the Horry		
4	County Assessor, Auditor, and Treasurer.		
5	AND MARKET AND THE STANDARD COMMENTS		
6		certification of a property, notify the Horry	
7		that such property has been duly certified	
8	and is eligible for the special tax assessr	nent.	
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10	(i) Date assessment becomes effective. If an application for preliminary or final		
11		preliminary or final certification is approved	
12		uthorized by this section is effective for that	
13	year. Otherwise it is effective beginning	with the following year.	
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15	(j) Application. Once the Reviewing Authority has granted the special property tax		
16	assessments authorized herein, the	owner of the property shall make	
17	application to the Horry County Auditor	r for the special assessment provided	
18	for herein.		
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20	This ordinance shall become effective upon its adoption.		
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24		BRENDA BETHUNE, MAYOR	
25	ATTEST:	•	
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28	JOAN GROVE, CITY CLERK		
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30	1 st Reading:		
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33	2 nd Reading:		